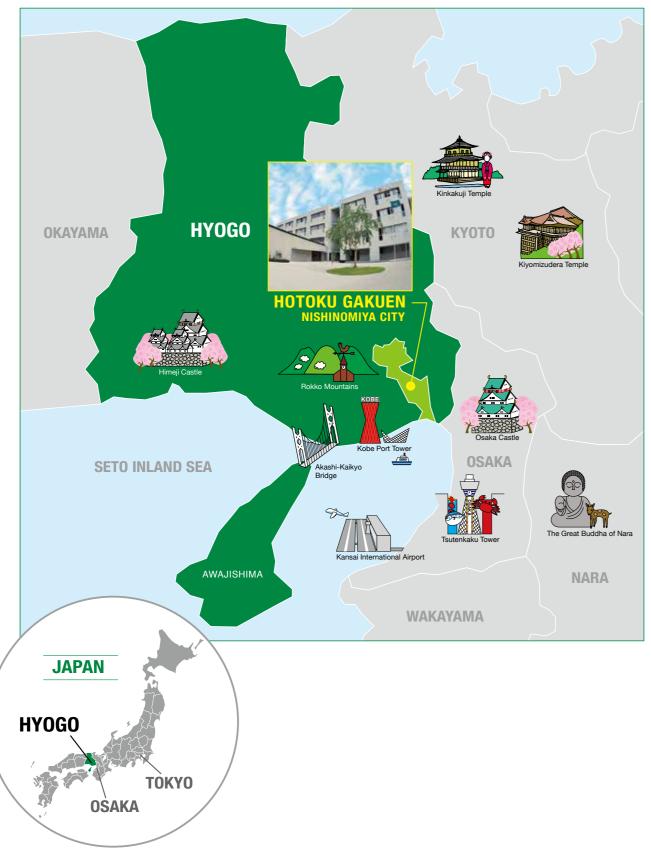
LOCATION



HOTOKU GAKUEN Junior & Senior High School

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HOTOKU GAKUEN



Junior & Senior High School









Ichimatsu Ohe (1871-1943) Founder





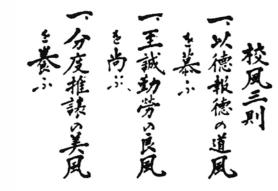
Principal







SCHOOL MOTTOES



EDUCATIONAL PRINCIPLES

Hotoku Gakuen's educational ideals are extensively propounded in the teachings of Ninomiya Sontoku (1787-1856), a financial reformer and stoic humanitarian during the late Edo Period. His teachings are usually summed up as Hotokuism among his followers, who place a high value on its cause and utility. The spirit of Hotokuism was thus referred to by Ichimatsu Ohe (1871-1943), who founded Hotoku business school in 1911, as being greatly useful in forming an educational policy for his new school, a decision to which the present-day Hotoku Gakuen owes a great deal of its honored history. Hotoku Gakuen's three school mottoes, originally written in Japanese, may be interpreted as follows:

- 1. We seek to return virtue for virtue.
- 2. We deem sincerity a great asset to our lifelong work.
- 3. We spend no more than we need to, but instead save it for others





Tohru Ohe Chancellor

Naohiko Kawaguchi

Ichimatsu Ohe , inspired by Ninomiya Sontoku's philosophy, established Hotoku Business School in Mikage, Kobe.

1924

Renamed Hotoku Commercial School.

1932

Transferred to Aotani, Kobe.

1944

Renamed Hotoku Technical School under the direction of the Minister of Education.

1947

Transferred to Nishinomiya.

(During the war, the school had suffered war damage: all the school buildings had been burnt down. New school buildings were built on the present site.)

1952

Renamed Hotoku Gakuen Junior and Senior High School.

1988

Exchange agreement established with Christ Church Grammar School, Western Australia.

The Senior high School started the English language study program.

The Junior high School started the English language study program in the U.K.

2008

Exchange agreement established with Albuquerque Academy, New Mexico, USA.

celebrated 100th anniversa



NINOMIYA SONTOKU

Ninomiya Sontoku(1787-1856) made up, through his experience, the principle of man's deed or social morality, that is, how to act and how to live as a social being. He practiced it himself and handed this model of behavior down to the following generations. To practice this principle according to the model is called "Shiho (the method)". Sontoku named this principle "Hotoku (returning virtue for virtue)".

The characteristic of this principle lies in that moral practice and economic practice must go together, in other words, man's deeds, however moral they may be, and that this economic activity must not be done without a moral sense.

In his teaching verses, he says "Economy without morality cannot last for ever. Morality without economy struggles in vain."

He meant that we should not only pursue our

personal happiness and interests, but have an attitude of thankfulness to the society which includes our parents, husband or wife, and brothers and sisters, because in the widest sense, we owe



what we are now to the nature around us. So we must, he says, return such favors as we have received to everyone and everything around us. To do for others may give back something to oneself. Moral activity cannot be one-way. He tells us that morality and economy are two wheels

HOTOKU-KUN (The Teaching of Ninomiya Sontoku)

The origin of the human being is the Spiritual order of the Universe. The origin of thy physical body is due to upbringing by thy father and mother. Thanks to exertions by husband and wife, children grow up to succeed to the family.

Riches and honours thy father and mother are blessed with owe their forebears.

Riches and honours thou art blessed with are the fruit of good deeds done over and over again for years by thy father and mother.

Thy children may enjoy riches and honours provided thou art industrious in the pursuit of thy occupation.

Long life springs from proper clothing, feeding and housing.

Clothes, food and houses are obtainable from farm land, woods and mountains.

Farm land, woods and mountains are made serviceable by tireless tillage and development by men.

Clothes and food one uses during the present year are the fruit of productive industry carried on during

Clothes and food one will use next year will be produced by hard work done during the present year. Year in and year out one must not forget to return virtue for virtue.

The above passages are quoted from A GUIDE TO "HOUTOKU", Sontoku Ninomiya's Philosophy, published by Dai-Nippon Houtoku-sha.

Ninomiya Sontoku, known as a when he was 24 years old. Later typical pragmatic philosopher and he became one of the most also as a man of filial piety, support- competent leaders in Japan, who ed his family since his early helped rebuild more than six boyhood. After he lost his parents hundred impoverished villages. at the age of sixteen, he was forced This statue that represents his to lead a severe life taking care of younger days reading a book while his two younger brothers. He made carrying firewood on his back, has every effort to work and study been regarded as a symbol of industriously, and consequently diligence. succeeded in rebuilding his family



SCHOOL LIFE

School starts at 8:30 am and ends at 4:20 pm on weekdays. There are four classes in the morning and two or three in the afternoon. Each period is 50 minutes long, and each class consists of 40 students or so. Except for some elective subjects, students stay in their homeroom classes and wait for their teachers to come unlike in many schools in Western countries. Various kinds of subjects are offered such as English, Japanese, mathematics, science, social studies, art, music, P.E., domestic science, information technology, and so forth. In addition to these subjects many special activities are prepared, so that the students enjoy their school life as much as possible.

8:00

COMING TO SCHOOL

Some students commute by train or on foot, and others cycle to school. Most students live in areas within easy access to school. No students are living in the dormitory, which is open only for occasional events.



8:30

THE MORNING MEETING

At the morning meeting, the students are given instructions for the day by their homeroom teacher. They are informed of the matters to be attended to during the day. The junior students spend their time reading books before the meeting begins.



12:35

LUNCH TIME

The lunch period is from 12:35 pm to 1:20 pm. They have lunch chatting merrily with each other. Some of them enjoy using the cafeteria, and others bring their own boxed lunch from home feeling the warmth of their happy family.



four classes

8:30 8:45

12:35

three classes 13:20

16:10

16:20

16:10

THE CLOSING MEETING

At the closing meeting, the students are informed of the schedule for the next day. Also they read aloud the words by Ninomiya Sontoku together so as to keep them in mind and they finish the day peacefully.



16:20

CLEAN THE CLASSROOMS

Classrooms are cleaned by the students' own hands. They share the job of cleaning up: some sweep the floor, some wipe the desks with damp cloths, and others wash the windows.



16:40

CLUB ACTIVITIES

After class most of the students participate in club activities.







CLUB ACTIVITIES



SPORTS _

Sumo Wrestling, Judo, Kendo, Kyudo, Shorinji Kempo, Track and Field, Gymnastics, Swimming, Baseball, Rugby, Tennis, Football, Basketball, Volleyball, Table Tennis, Handball, Skiing, Hiking, Golfing

CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

Chado (Sado, Japanese styled tea ceremony), Shodo (calligraphy), Igo and Shogi(traditional Japanese games like chess), Brass Band, Broadcasting, Art, Photography, Gardening, Social Studies, Mathematics, Science



SCHOOL MAP & FACILITIES













Otani Hall

Garden

Arita Hall











Computer Room

Guidance Counseling Room

Gymnasium









Dining Hall

Office

Library

Training Room

Tennis Courts





Other Facilities

- **(5)** Bicycle Parking
- **6** Judo and Kendo Dojo
- **1** Swimming Pool